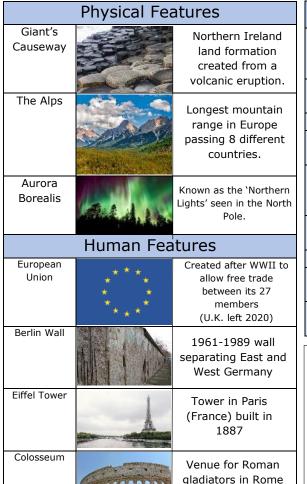


Europe and the U.K.









Key Vocabulary	
borders	Political factors and physical (e.g. rivers,
	mountains and seas) affect where borders
	between countries are set.
English	A 560km stretch of sea that separates England
Channel	from France - important for trade.
euro	Unit of money used across most of Europe.
fjords	Long, narrow inlet from the sea with steep cliffs,
	often found in Norway.
Iberian	Portugal, Spain and Andorra where the region is
Peninsula	hotter and drier than the rest of Western
	Europe.
Mediterranean	Southern areas of Europe which have mild
	winters and hot summers (e.g. Spain, Turkey).
polar regions	Northern regions which are cold/dry all year.
Russia	Only Western Russia is considered inside
	Europe. Eastern Russia is technically in Asia.
Scandinavia	The countries of Norway, Sweden and Denmark
	with cool climates.

What is the climate like in Europe?

- **Polar climates** are near the Arctic Circle such as Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Finland and Russia where tundra and icy glaciers are common.
- **Temperate climates** are where there are cold winters and warm summers, with plenty of rainfall and deciduous forests, much like the U.K.
- Mediterranean climates are dry and hot and attract many tourists.
- Alpine climates are mountainous and cold.

Longest River

Volga (Russia) – 3530km

Tallest Mountain

Mount Elbrus (Russia) 5642m

HEERALL

Largest Population

Russia - 148 million

Fauna (animals)

(Italy)

badgers, reindeer, swans, brown bears, wild boars, ibex, foxes, rabbits, beavers, otters and bison

Flora (plants)

Spruce, Oak, Ash, Cypress, Elm and Olive

