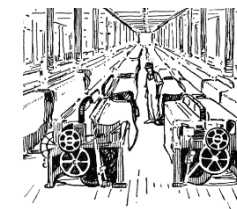




The Lancashire Cotton Industry



Timeline

Before 18th century	Around 1760	1790s	1860	New Year's Eve 1862	1874	1912	1960s
Cotton production is done by families in their homes.	The Industrial Revolution begins.	Cotton goods make up 15% of all British exports.	There are over 2000 cotton mills in Lancashire with nearly 500 000 people working in them.	Cotton mill workers vote to write to Abraham Lincoln in support of his fight against slavery.	The Factory Act bans children under 10 years old from working in factories.	Britain produces 7 billion metres of cloth a year.	On average, one Lancashire cotton mill closes every week.

Key Vocabulary

Peterloo Massacre	Refers to the charge made by the parliament's officers against the demonstrating working class
Trafford Centre	A huge shopping centre built in the 1990's just outside Manchester
Mamucium	The original name for Manchester in Roman times
Cottonopolis	The name used to depict Manchester's wealth at the height of the Industrial Revolution
Industrial Revolution	The name given to the period of British history when industry took off (1800s to 1950)
Henry Hunt	A radical speaker who spoke up for the working class people

DID YOU KNOW?

By 1860 there were 2650 cotton mills in Lancashire, employing 440,000 people and producing half of the world's cotton.

What You Will Learn

- Know the impact that the Industrial Revolution had on Lancashire.
- Know about people from Lancashire Cotton Industry that have influenced society.
- Know how the Cotton Industry impacted on children.
- Know about Lancashire Cotton Industry origins
- Know the impact that the Cotton Industry had on Lancashire
- Know about the significance of the Peterloo massacre
- Know about the famous Lancashire Cotton Industry people who influenced society

Famous Figures

John Kay: Known for inventing the flying shuttle, Kay was a pioneer in the mechanization of spinning and weaving processes.

James Hargreaves: His invention of the spinning jenny revolutionized the spinning process, leading to the establishment of the cotton industry.

Richard Arkwright: Arkwright's invention of the water frame was a significant advancement in the spinning process, contributing to the growth of the cotton industry.

James Kay: Kay's wet spinning of flax was another key innovation that contributed to the development of the cotton industry.

Samuel Crompton: Crompton's spinning mule was a major innovation that improved the efficiency of the spinning process, further enhancing the cotton industry.